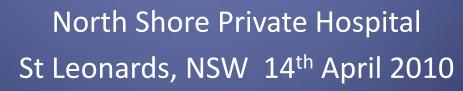
Carcinoid Tumours and Carcinoid Syndrome - What we know -What we don't know

Dr Anthony Chambers MS FRACS
Endocrine Surgeon & Surgical Oncologist
St. Vincent's Hospital, Sydney

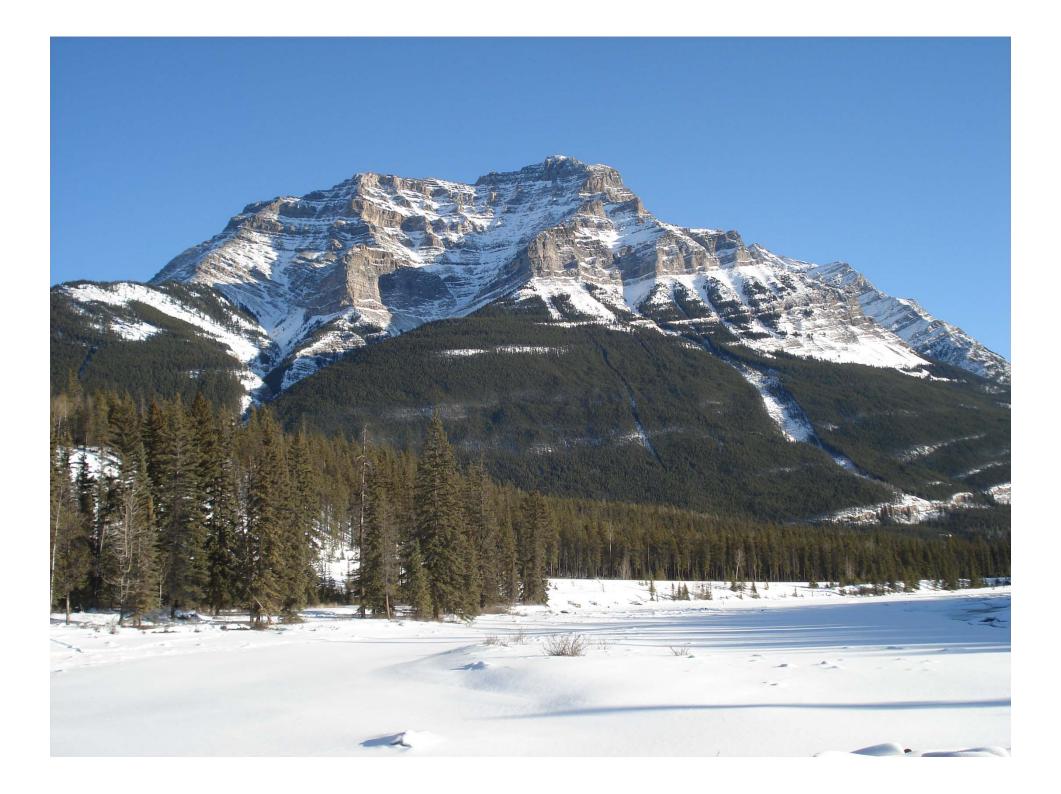
Unicorn Foundation Patient Support Meeting













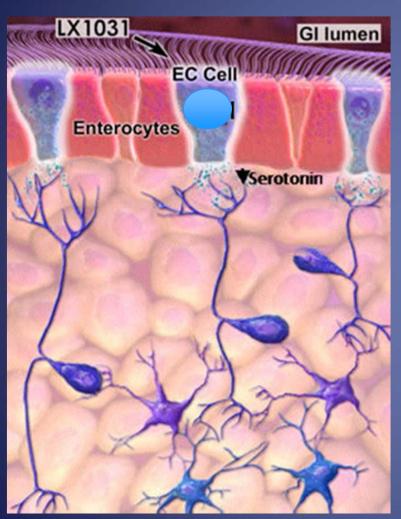
Dr Janice Pasieka

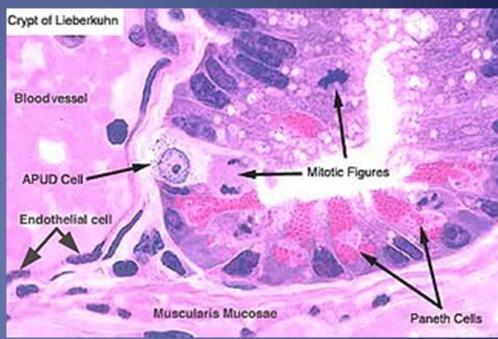
Neuroendocrine Tumour Clinic University of Calgary

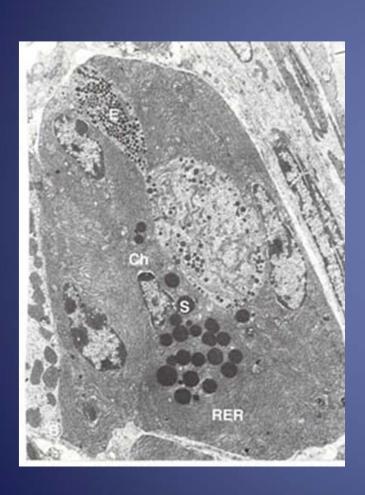
- 15 years
- Multidisciplinary
 - Endocrinologist Dr Otto Rorstad
 - Endocrine Surgeon Dr Janice Pasieka
 - Hepatobiliary Surgeon Dr Elijah Dixon
 - Nuclear Medicine Physician Dr Ernst Postema
 - Clinical Geneticist Dr Michael Innes
- Referral center for Western Canada

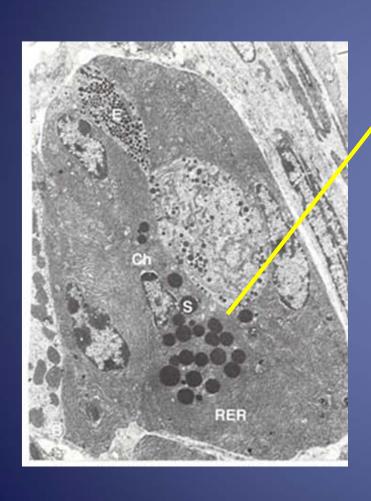
Gastrointestinal NET

- Tumours derived from Enterochromaffin Cells (EC cells)
- Most common sites
 - Small intestine
 - Appendix
 - Colon & Rectum









Serotonin (5-HT)

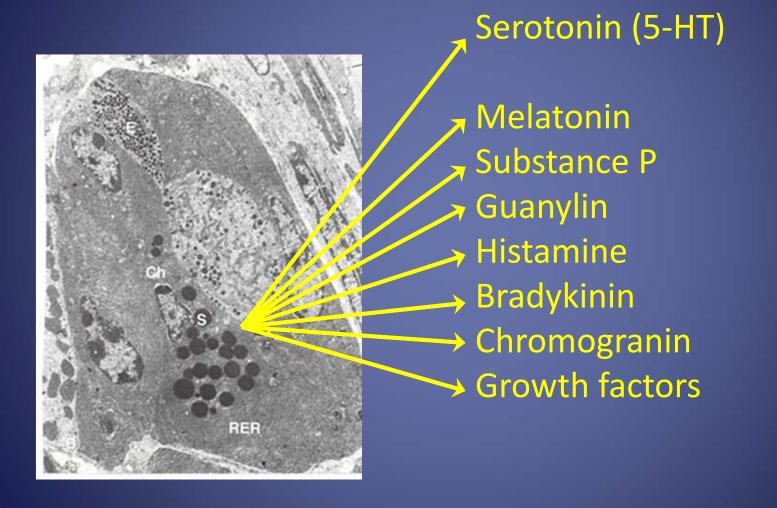
↑blood flow

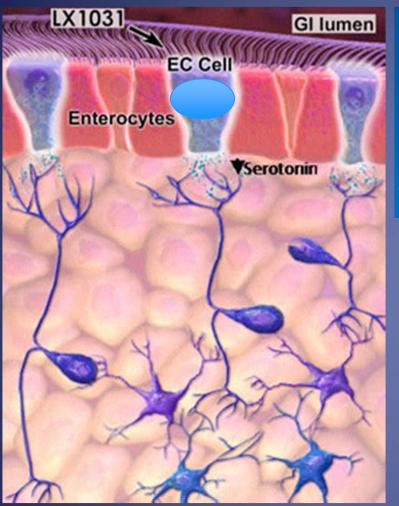
†secretions

♠peristalsis

Metabolized & inactivated by liver

Measure in urine – 5HIAA







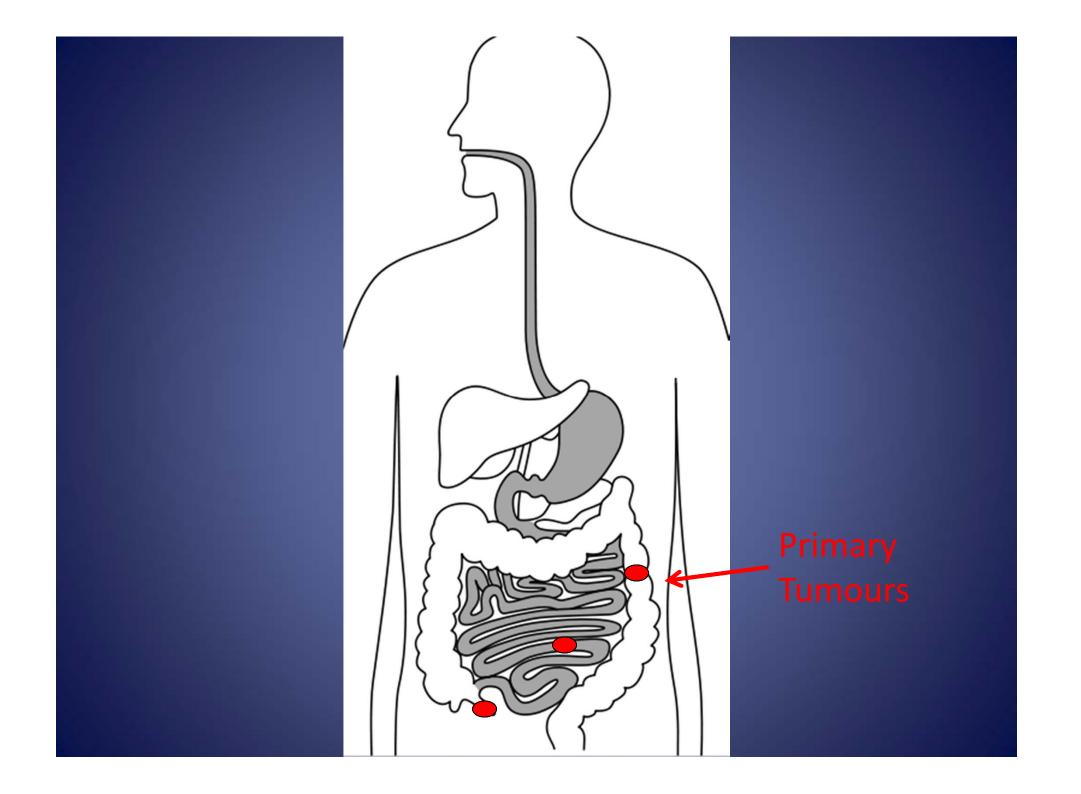
Intestinal contents Adjacent nerves

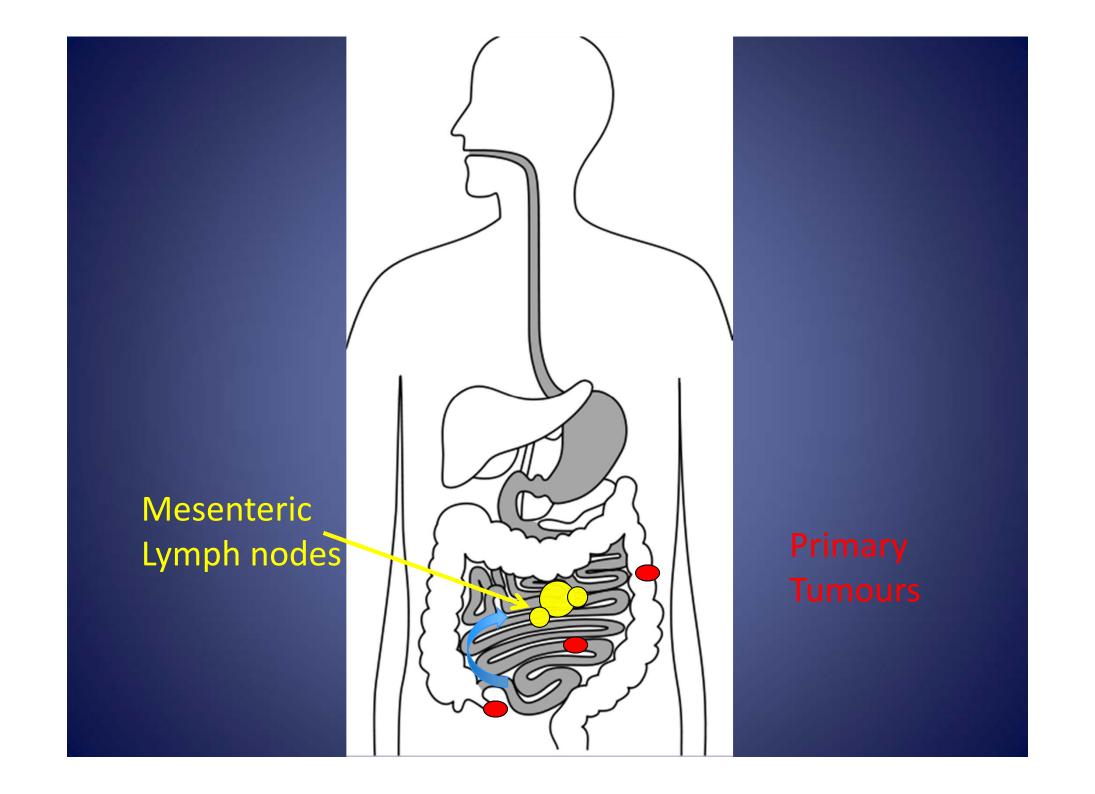


Somatostatin
- (octreotide, lanreotide, LAR)

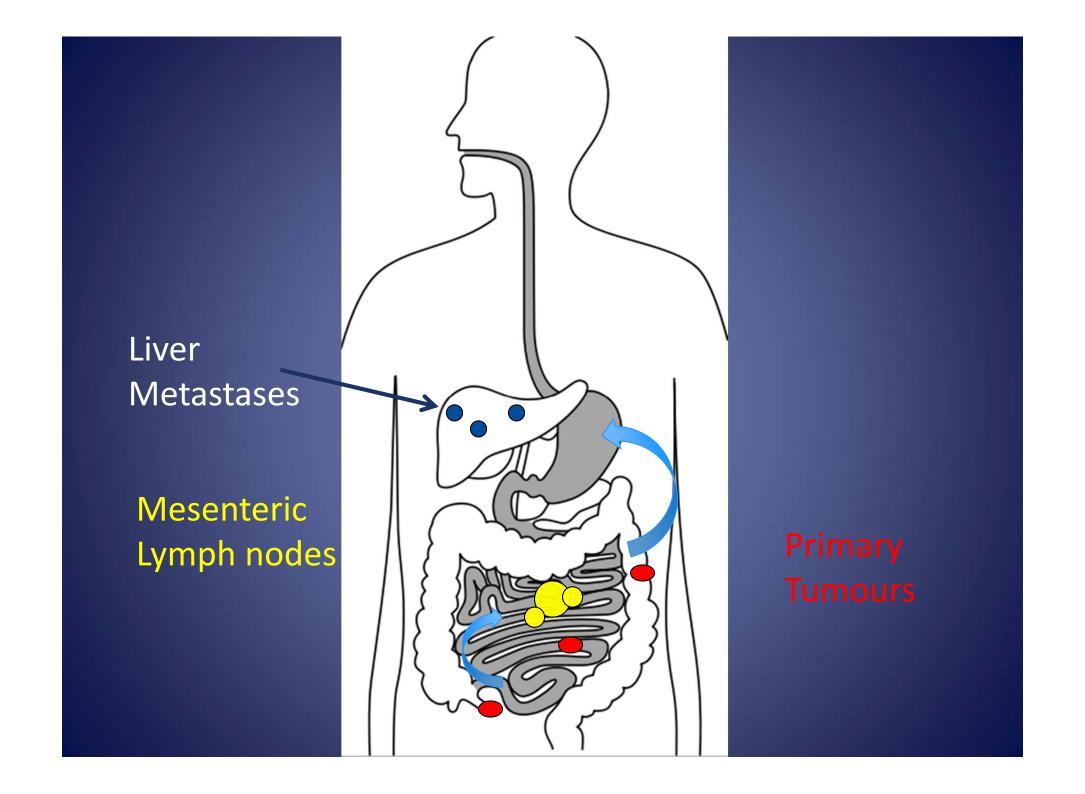










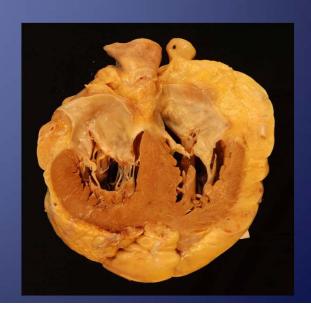




Carcinoid Syndrome

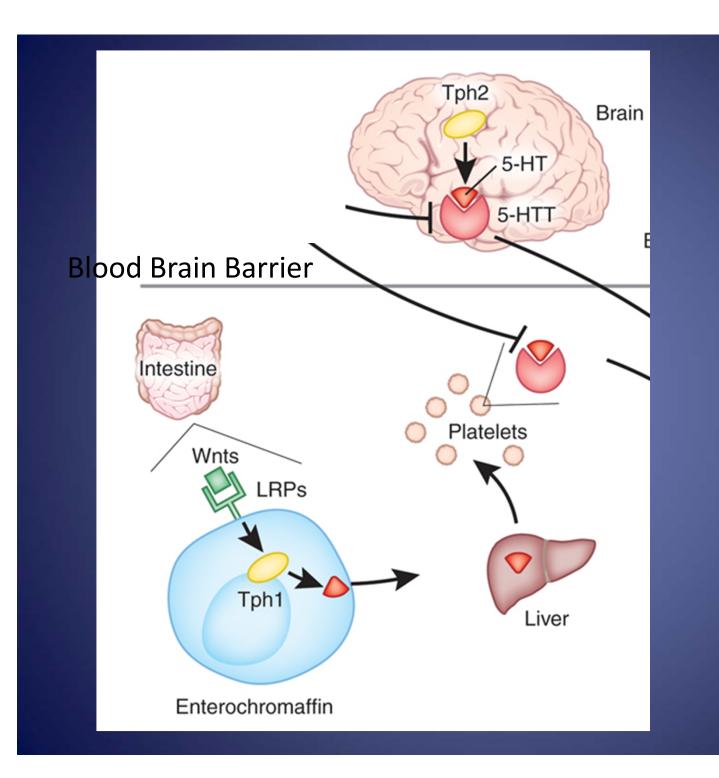
- Flushing of skin
- Diarrhoea
- Bronchospasm / wheezing

- Heart valve fibrosis
 - Tricuspid and pulmonary valves



Carcinoid Syndrome

- Tests
 - 24 hr urine 5-HIAA
 - Serum Chromogranin-A
- Medical treatment
 - Octreotide / lanreotide / LAR



Research study - Calgary

- Patients with Carcinoid Syndrome
 - 'not themselves'
 - 'difficulty remembering things'
 - 'not as on the ball as they used to be'
 - 'finding work difficult'
- ? symptoms of cognitive difficulties

Research study - Calgary

 21 patients – all small intestine NET with liver metastases & carcinoid syndrome

Cognitive symptom questionnaire

Formal neurocognitive testing by psychologist

Symptom Assessment

 38-Question standardized Multiple Ability Selfreporting Questionnaire (MASQ)

Cognitive Domain	Symptom score
Language	1 – 5
Attention / Concentration	1 – 5
Visual-Perceptual function	1 – 5
Visual memory	1 – 5
Verbal memory	1 – 5

Asymptomatic 1 5 Most severe symptoms

MASQ Symptom scores

Cognitive Domain	Score ± s.d. (1 - 5)	Healthy norms
Verbal memory	2.75 ± 0.5	<2.1
Attention / Concentration	2.41 ± 0.7	<2.0
Language skills	2.31 ± 0.6	<1.8
Visual memory	2.30 ± 0.7	<1.8
Visual-Perceptual function	2.17 ± 0.6	<2.0

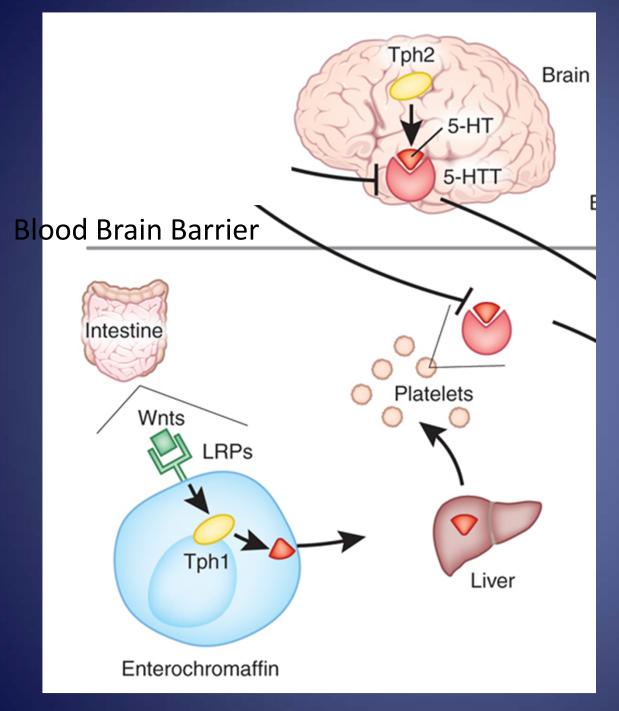
Cognitive Testing

- Formal assessment Neuropsychologist
- Battery of 6 standardized cognitive tests

Cognitive Domain	Test
Attention / Concentration	-Trail making test -Verbal series attention
Execute skills / function	Wisconsin card sorting
Visual-Perceptual function	Complex figure recall
Language	Word & category fluency
Visual memory	Complex figure recall
Verbal memory	Selective reminding

Summary of Results

Cognitive Domain	Symptom Scores	Cognitive testing
Attention/ Concentration		Normal
Language skills		Normal
Verbal memory - Immediate recall - Delayed recall	1	Normal ↓
Visual-Percept Function	1	•
Visual memory	1	I



? Cause

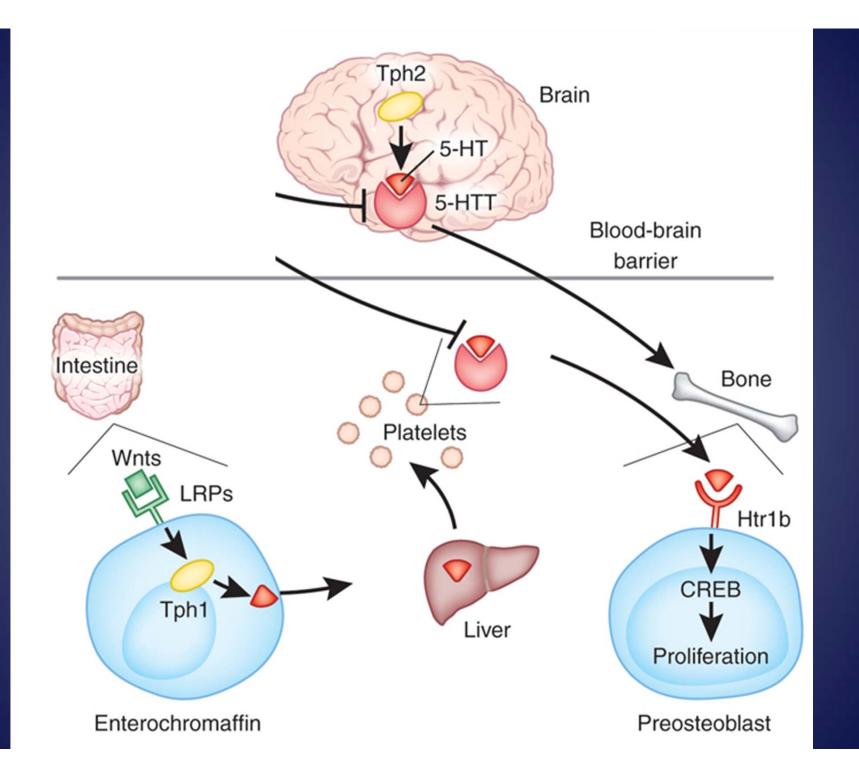
-Serotonin?

-Another tumour substance?

-treatment?

-malignancy?

-tryptophan depletion?



Carcinoid Syndrome

 Our understanding of Carcinoid Syndrome is slowly improving

 Need for more research to more fully understand effects

 Plan for future research at St. Vincent's Hospital, Garvan Institute & University of Calgary

